

## Cardiac Emergency Response Plan Checklist

The American Heart Association (AHA) wants all people to learn First Aid, CPR and AED to create a generation of people that are prepared to act in an emergency, putting more qualified lifesavers in our communities and creating a Nation of Heartsavers™.

About 9 in 10 cardiac arrest victims who receive a shock from an AED in the first minute live. During cardiac arrest, CPR can double or triple a person's chance of survival.

All organizations, schools, workplaces, and sports facilities should establish a Cardiac Emergency Response Plan (CERP). The following checklist contains the minimum steps to include in your plan:

Establish a Cardiac Emergency Response Plan (CERP) and Team.
<b>Share</b> the CERP at your site. Ensure the plan is integrated with local emergency medical services, fire and police (if applicable). Post the CERP in key locations throughout the site.
Implement Automated External Defibrillator (AED) placement and a routine maintenance schedule within the organization, school, workplace, or athletic facility (similar to fire-extinguisher protocols).
Schedule and maintain ongoing staff training and certification in First Aid, CPR, and AED use. Educate as many people as possible in Hands-Only CPR (which can be used for teens and adults). If feasible, include information on rescue breathing and/or conventional CPR.
<b>Practice</b> the CERP plan using routine drills (similar to fire and lock-down drills)
Activate the CERP Team in response to a sudden cardiac arrest (SCA) event
<b>Evaluate and update</b> the plan on a consistent annual basis. If a SCA event occurs, debrief immediately post-event to identify opportunities for improvement.
Download the detailed AHA CERP implementation plan, protocol and resources at heart.org/CERP.











Practice Activate

**Evaluate**