

Heartsaver®
Child CPR
Skills Testing Checklist



Student Name _____ Date of Test _____

Scenario: "You are at a park and notice a child suddenly collapse. The scene is safe, but you do not have a cell phone or AED nearby. Demonstrate what you would do next."

Assessment and Activation

- Checks responsiveness Shouts for help/Sends someone to phone 9-1-1 Checks breathing

Once student shouts for help, instructor says, "Here's the barrier device. I am going to phone 9-1-1."

Cycle 1 of CPR (30:2)

Child Compressions

- Performs high-quality compressions*:
- Hand placement on lower half of breastbone
 - 30 compressions in no less than 15 and no more than 18 seconds
 - Compresses at least one third the depth of the chest, approximately 2 inches (5 cm)
 - Complete recoil after each compression

Child Breaths

- Gives 2 breaths with a barrier device:
- Each breath given over 1 second
 - Visible chest rise with each breath
 - Gives 2 breaths in less than 10 seconds

**CPR feedback devices preferred for accuracy.*

Cycle 2 of CPR (repeats steps in Cycle 1) Only check box if step is successfully performed

- Gives 30 high-quality compressions Gives 2 effective breaths

Cycle 3 of CPR (repeats steps in Cycle 1) Only check box if step is successfully performed

- Gives 30 high-quality compressions Gives 2 effective breaths

Instructor says, "EMS has arrived and is taking over."

STOP TEST

Instructor Notes

- Place a check in the box next to each step the student completes successfully.
- If the student does not complete all steps successfully (as indicated by at least 1 blank check box), the student must receive remediation. Make a note here of which skills require remediation (refer to instructor manual for information about remediation).

Test Results Check **PASS** or **NR** to indicate pass or needs remediation: **PASS** **NR**

Instructor Initials _____ Instructor Number _____ Date _____

Child CPR Skills Testing Critical Skills Descriptors

- 1. Assesses the child and activates emergency response system (this must precede starting compressions) within a maximum of 30 seconds. After determining that the scene is safe:**
 - Checks for responsiveness by tapping and shouting
 - Phones 9-1-1
 - Checks for no breathing or no normal breathing (only gasping)
 - Scans from the head to the chest for a minimum of 5 seconds and no more than 10 seconds
- 2. Cycle 1: Performs high-quality chest compressions (initiates compressions immediately after recognition of cardiac arrest)**
 - Correct hand placement
 - Lower half of breastbone
 - 1- or 2-handed (second hand on top of the first) compressions
 - Compression rate of 100 to 120/min
 - Delivers 30 compressions in 15 to 18 seconds
 - Compression depth and recoil—compress at least one third the depth of the chest, about 2 inches (5 cm)
 - Use of a commercial feedback device/manikin is highly recommended
 - Complete chest recoil after each compression
- 3. Cycle 1: Provides 2 breaths by using a barrier device**
 - Opens airway adequately
 - Uses a head tilt–chin lift maneuver
 - Delivers each breath over 1 second
 - Delivers breaths that produce visible chest rise
 - Avoids excessive ventilation
 - Resumes chest compressions in less than 10 seconds
- 4. Cycle 2: Performs same steps for compressions and breaths as in Cycle 1**
- 5. Cycle 3: Performs same steps for compressions and breaths as in Cycle 1**