Infant Foreign-Body Airway Obstruction Algorithm

Text in cascading boxes describes the actions that a professional should perform in sequence during an infant foreign-body airway obstruction (FBAO). Arrows guide providers from one box to the next as they perform the actions. Some boxes have 2 arrows that lead outward, each to a different box depending on the outcome of the most recent action taken. Pathways are linked.

Box 1

Verify scene safety.

Box 2

Check for signs of severe FBAO

- Weak of absence of cough
- Unable to cry
- Change in color (cyanosis)
- Altered mental state status
- Apnea

If signs are absent, proceed to $\underline{Box 3}$. If signs are present, proceed to $\underline{Box 4}$.

Box 3

- Encourage cough.
- Continue to check for **signs of severe FBAO**, and proceed back to <u>Box 2</u>.

Box 4

Activate the emergency response system.

Box 5

Is the infant responsive? If yes, proceed to $\frac{Box 6}{C}$. If no, proceed to $\frac{Box 7}{C}$.

Box 6

Start repeated cycles of

- 5 back blows (slaps) followed by
- 5 chest thrusts
- Repeat until object is expelled or the infant becomes unresponsive.
- If object is expelled, continue to monitor until advanced care arrives.

Proceed back to Box 5.

Box 7

Start CPR until advanced care arrives; refer to pediatric basic life support algorithm.

- Start with compressions.
- Check for visible object in mouth before giving breaths.